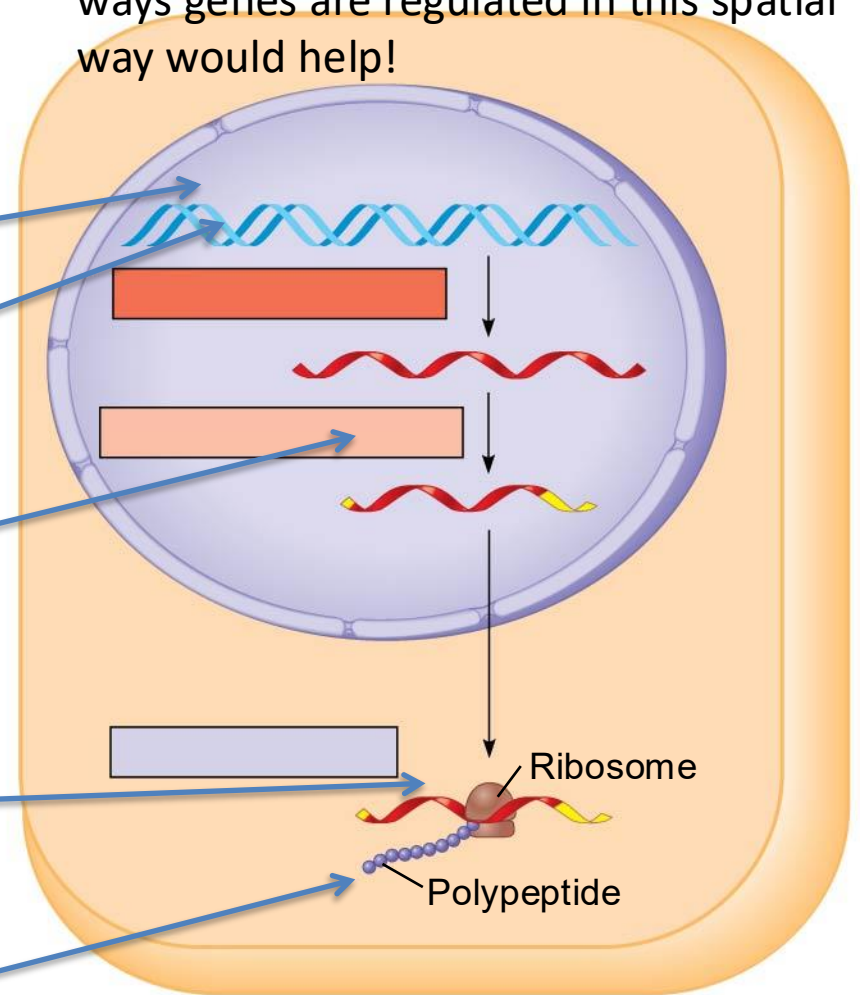


Map the following processes onto the image. Where and when does each take place and what does each do? (I just put the arrows in-you can look up what each does!)

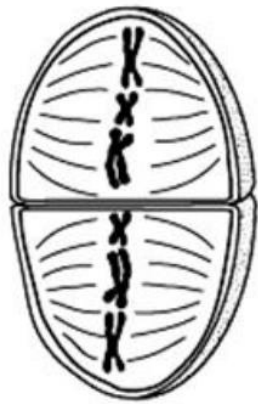
- epigenetic modifications
- transcription factors
- post transcriptional modification (RNA processing, RNA splicing)
- microRNA
- post translational modification

These are kind of imprecise arrows but I thought thinking about the different ways genes are regulated in this spatial way would help!





2



6



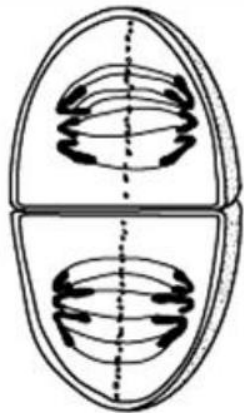
4



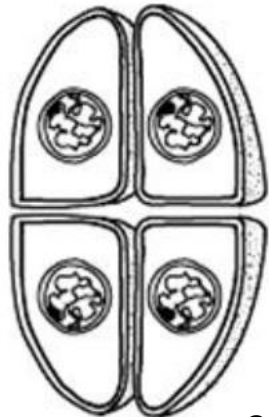
7



1



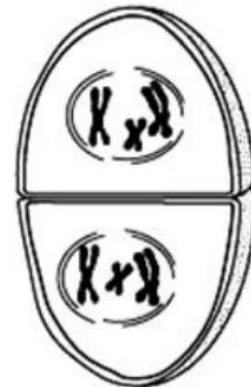
8



9

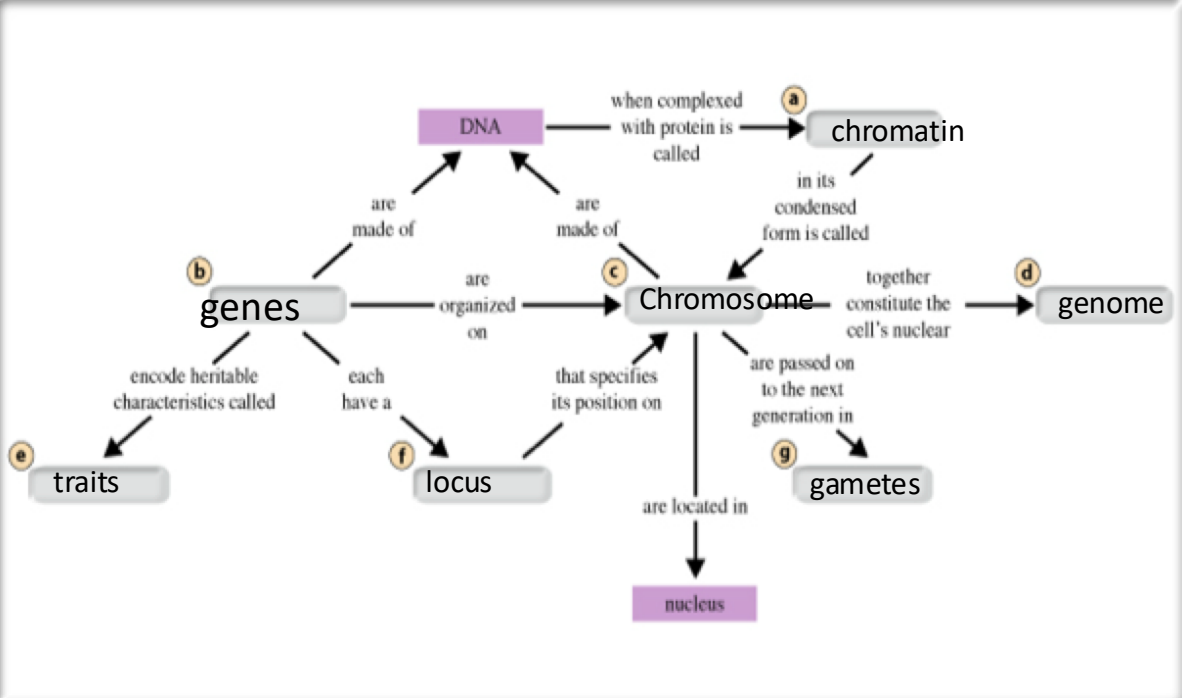


3



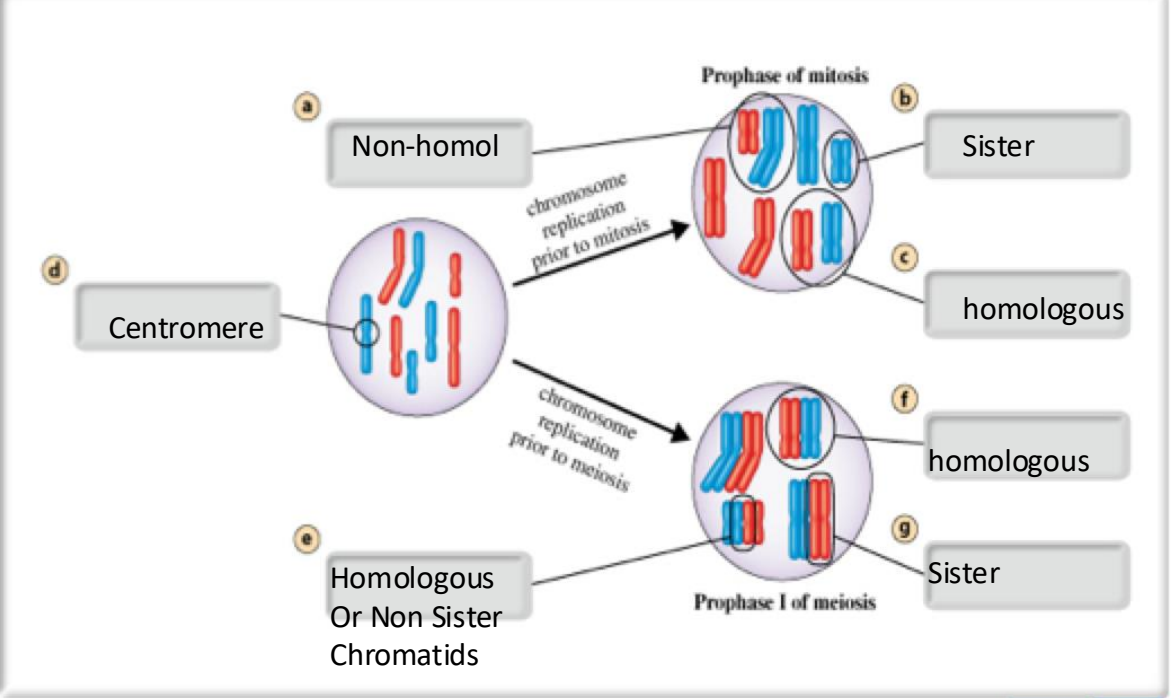
5

- genes
- locus
- traits
- genome
- gametes
- chromosomes
- chromatin

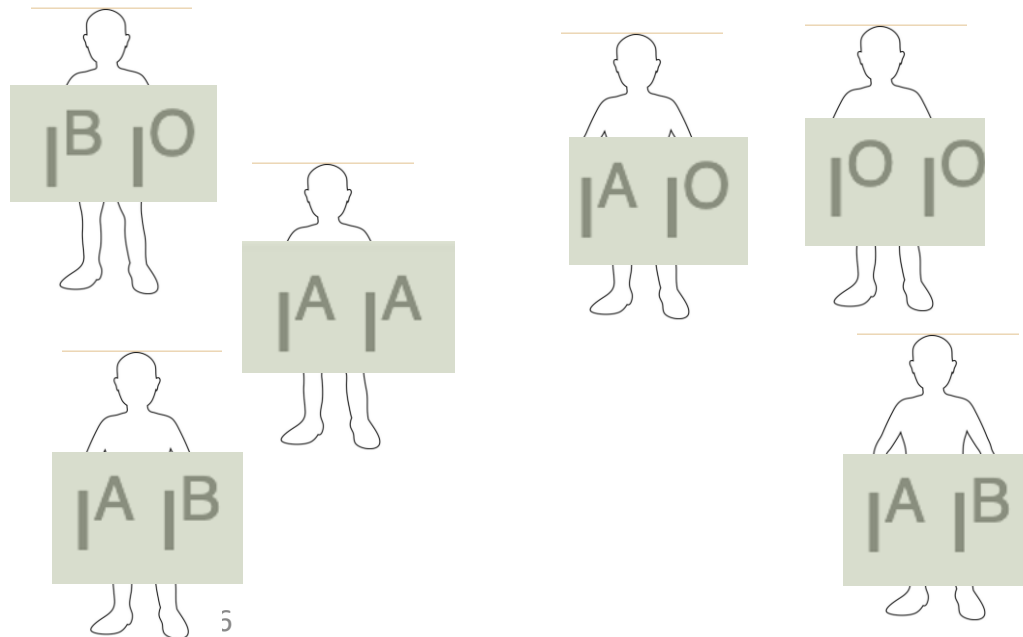


FYI: We did not emphasize the terms chromatin and centromere!

- centromere
- homologous chromosomes
- non-homologous chromosomes
- sister chromatids
- nonsister chromatids



- How many alleles are there in this population at this blood group locus? 3
- How many possible genotypes are there given the number of alleles in the population?  
6
- Describe the relationship between the A and the O allele when an individual's genotype is AO? Dominance
- Describe the relationship between the A and the B allele when an individual's genotype is AB? Codominance
- Cross an  $I^A I^O$  individual with a  $I^B I^O$  individual using a Punnett square and show your work. What would the genotypes and phenotypes be in the next generation?



	A	O
B	AB	BO
O	AO	OO

Phenotypes AB, B, A, O